## CS 450 Final Study Guide

- 1. Conceptual Design (ER-diagram)
  - a. Basic components: entity sets, relationship sets, attributes
  - b. Various constraints that can be modeled by ER-diagram
  - c. ISA relationship
  - d. Strong entity sets vs. weak entity sets
  - e. N-ary relationship
  - f. Design decisions
- 2. Logical Design (Relational Model)
  - a. Translation from ER to relational model
  - b. Super keys, candidate keys, foreign keys
- 3. Relational Algebra
  - a. Basic operators: selection, projection, union, set difference, cross product
  - b. Additional operators: intersection, renaming, division
  - c. Joins: natural join, equi-join, conditional join, outer joins
  - d. Combining operators to write complex queries
- 4. SQL
  - a. Basic queries
  - b. Joins
  - c. Union, Except/Minus, Intersect
  - d. Aggregation (count, sum, avg, min, max)
  - e. Nested queries / correlated queries
  - f. Division
  - g. Group By
  - h. Null values
  - i. Triggers
  - j. Everything else on the slides
- 5. Normalization
  - a. Functional dependencies
    - i. Determine whether an FD is in the closure of F
    - ii. Determine whether an FD is satisfied/violated by a relation instance
    - iii. Armstrong's axioms
    - iv. Attribute closure (computation, meaning and usage)
    - v. Identify candidate keys
  - b. Normal forms and decomposition
    - i. Identify the strongest or a specific normal form (2NF, BCNF, 3NF)
    - ii. When to decompose
    - iii. How to check if a decomposition is lossless-join and/or dependency preserving (you can ignore the polynomial-time check for dependency preserving, i.e. slide #7 in Normalization4)
    - iv. Use projection of  $F^+$  to check for dependency preservation
    - v. How to decompose a relation into a set of lossless-join relations that are in BCNF or 3NF (To make things simpler, you only have to consider an FD F for violation if F only uses attributes from the relation, i.e. the conditions stated on Slide 3, Normalization3. So ignore the case "What if F uses attributes not in R?" on Slide 16, Normalization3.)
    - vi. How to preserve dependency after decomposition (use minimal cover)